

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT
HAYING, BEEN, KEPLER,
...
CHINA MAIL OFFICE

The China Mail

THE 'HONGKONG CHINESE MAIL'
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(HONGKONG W. T. Y. P. Co.)
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Manager and Publisher.
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HONGKONG, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1893.

日二十月九年己癸

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALLEN, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. 3. GEORGE SMITH & Co., 35, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4. H. BATES, 37, Watling Street, E.C. 4. SAMUEL DRACON & Co., 150 & 151, Leadenhall Street, W. M. WILLS, 151, Cannon Street, E.C. 4. ROBERT WATSON, 150, Fleet Street, W.C. 2.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—ANDRE PRINCE, 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—J. STEWART HAYES, THE CHINESE EVANGELIST OFFICE, 52, West 52nd Street.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BEAR & BLACK, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORE, Melbourne and Sydney.

Ceylon.—W. M. SMITH & Co., THE APOTHECARIUS CO., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KELLY & WALES, Ltd., Singapore.

CHINA.—Messrs. A. & A. CHURCH, Amoy, N. MOORE & Co., Ltd., Fookien, Haden & Co., Shanghai, Lark, Crawford & Co., and KELLY & WALES, Yokohama, Lark, Crawford & Co., and KELLY & WALES.

Banks.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3% PER CENT. per annum. Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK, to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 5 PER CENT. per annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, May 15, 1893. 1516

Intimations.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

ON and after 1st DECEMBER NEXT, NO CHITS will be accepted or Credit given in the above Hotel.

By Order of the Board,
R. TUCKER,
Manager.
Hongkong, October 20, 1893. 1312

Banks.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, \$2,000,000.
CAPITAL CALLED UP, \$251,083.15.0.

Board of Directors.
Wm. KESWICK, Esq., Chairman.
Adolf von ARNDT, Esq., F. D. SASSOON, Esq., Robert IRESON, Esq., H. D. SIEMSEN, Esq., David McLEOD, Esq.

Hongkong Committee.
The Hon'ble J. J. KESWICK,
The Hon'ble C. P. CHATER,
H. HOPKINS, Esq.

Head Office:
3, PRINCE STREET, LONDON.

Branches:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.
Agents:
PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST.
Allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, can be ascertained on application.

CHARTREY INOHBALD,
Manager.
Hongkong, April 10, 1893. 247

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.
RESERVED CAPITAL, \$500,000.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Directors.
D. GILLIES, Esq., J. E. BODDLE, Esq., CHAN KEE SHAN, Esq., CHOW TUNG SHANG, Esq., KWAN HOI CHUAN, Esq., GEO. W. F. FLAYFAIR.

Branches.
LONDON, YOKOHAMA, SHANGHAI AND AMOY.

BANKERS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.
PARK'S BANKING CO. LTD. THE ALLIANCE BANK (Ld.).

Interest for 12 months Fixed 5%
do 6 do do 4%
do 3 do do 3%
Current Accounts 2%

Hongkong, May 24, 1893. 47

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.
RESERVE FUND, \$3,900,000.
RESERVE LIABILITIES, \$10,000,000.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

H. HOPKINS, Esq., Chairman.
J. J. HODGKIN, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
R. M. GRAY, Esq., Julius KRAMER, Esq., Carl JANZEN, Esq., A. McDONALD, Esq., H. H. JOSEPH, Esq., J. S. MOORE, Esq., Hon. J. J. KESWICK, D. R. SASSOON, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—T. JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER:
Shanghai—J. P. WARD GARDNER, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING CO., LD.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:—
For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " " "
" 12 " 5 " " "

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, October 19, 1893. 890

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$1,500,000.
SUBSCRIBED, \$1,125,000.

BANKERS.

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at the rate of 2% per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:—
For 12 Months, 5%
For 6 Months, 4%
For 3 Months, 3%

JOHN THURBURN,
Manager, Hongkong.
Hongkong, February 4, 1893. 228

THE PHARMACY.

25 QUEEN'S ROAD.

MESSRS. FLETCHER & Co. beg to inform the Residents of Hongkong and the Shipping Community that they will OPEN at the above address, on TUESDAY FIRST, 26th September.

The Store will be managed by a thoroughly competent chemist who will take every care that Drugs and Chemicals used in the compounding of prescriptions are Pure and Fresh.

FLETCHER & Co. will have on hand a Good Selection of DRUGGISTS' Sundries and PATENT MEDICINES.

Telephone No. 74.

FLETCHER & Co.
Hongkong, September 23, 1893. 1658

STAINFIELD'S PRIVATE FAMILY HOTEL.

1, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.

VISITORS will find SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION at MODERATE TERMS.

Hongkong, September 1, 1893. 1627

WINDSOR HOTEL.

(Consistent Buildings),
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

THE Private Hotel heretofore carried on in WINDSOR HOUSE has now been removed to CONNAUGHT HOUSE.

Quitting under European management. Each Bed-room has its own Bath-room. Hot and Cold water. Passenger Elevator to all floors.

Charges from \$2 per day upwards.

Special Rates for Families or Permanent Boarders. Orders and Reservations let. Unfurnished, and Rooms with or without Board, by day or month. Apply at the Office, No. 37, 3rd Floor.

Hongkong, August 23, 1893. 1534

THE ONODA CEMENT CO.

THE Onoda Cement Co. are now prepared to EXECUTE ORDERS AT MODERATE PRICES.

ITSUOBU BUNSAN KAISHA,
Sole Agents.
Hongkong, September 19, 1893. 1599

THOMAS'S GRILL ROOM.

THE Undergrill has always thought that such a place as this—First-class in every detail—was the one thing needed to fit in between HOME LIFE and the PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE. Visitors may have their choice of GRILLED CHOPS, or STEAKS at any hour of the Day or Evening, up to 11 o'clock, or later if notified. I am also prepared to supply MEALS to Private Parties by Menu or Order, they sending Dish, &c., for same and Cost.

For monthly Board, \$35 for 1 person. Tithe, \$15 per month.

AMERICAN FROZEN OYSTERS always on hand and served in every Style.

Breakfast, \$0.50
Dinner, 0.75
Dinner, 1.00

SPECIAL TREATS and DINNERS can be arranged for at Short Notice.

W. THOMAS,
Proprietor.
Hongkong, May 1, 1893. 812

PORTLAND CEMENT.

MANUFACTURED BY THE ONODA CEMENT CO.

AND THE NIPPON CEMENT CO.

THE Undergrill are now prepared to EXECUTE ORDERS AT MODERATE PRICES.

ITSUOBU BUNSAN KAISHA,
Sole Agents.
Hongkong, September 19, 1893. 1599

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Sole Agents.
Hongkong, September 19, 1893. 1599

Business Notices.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,
A NEW SHIPMENT OF

LINCOLN, BENNETT & Co's

FELT HATS,

ALSO,

CHRISTY'S

TERAI HATS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, September 21, 1893. 1635

W. POWELL & Co.

NOW LANDING PER S.S. RADNORSHIRE.

FURTHER SHIPMENTS OF

New Goods.

LADIES' JACKETS and MANTLES,
NEWEST SHAPES—NEWEST COLOURS.

W. POWELL & Co.

Hongkong, October 21, 1893. 1820

THE MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

1,400 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL. Telephone No. 35.

THIS magnificent HOTEL is situated at the most beautiful part of the HILL DISTRICT. The Air is delightfully cool and bracing, the Temperature being at least 10 degrees lower than in the valley below. Luxuriously furnished, and Cuisine and Wines First-class.

THE TABLE D'HOTE.

Is served in the GRAND DINING ROOM at 7.45 P.M.

Arrangements can be made for DINNER PARTIES in Private Rooms. Tables or Seats can be reserved for the TABLE D'HOTE, and WINES iced to Order.

For further Particulars, apply to the Undergrill, or to the SECRETARY at the Company's Office, 38 and 40, Queen's Road Central.

R. ISHERWOOD, Manager, MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.
Hongkong, October 3, 1893. 1705

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Telegraphic Address, "Krenlin"—A.B.C. Code. Telephone, No. 32.

THE MOST COMMODIOUS and BEST-APPOINTED HOTEL in the Far East; situated in the centre of the town, opposite the General Post Office and the Hongkong Club, and adjacent to Pudding's Wharf (the principal landing stage of the Colony).

The Hotel, Steam Laundry, conveys passengers and baggage to and from all Mail Steamers.

The TABLE D'HOTE, at separate tables, is supplied with every delicacy.

The BED-ROOMS, with adjoining Bath-rooms, are lofty and well ventilated, open on to spacious Verandahs, are lighted by gas and fitted throughout with electric communications.

THE READING, WRITING, and SMOKING ROOMS, LADIES' DRAWING ROOMS, the NEW BAR and PUBLIC BILLIARD ROOMS (Six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience.

A GRILL ROOM, where chops, steaks, &c., are served at any hour, adjoins the Hotel.

WINE and SPIRITS of the Best Brands only.

HYDRAULIC ASCENDING ROOMS of the first and most approved types convey passengers and baggage from the Entrance Hall to each of the five floors above.

NIGHT PORTERS and WAITERS are continually on duty.

R. TUCKER, Manager.
Hongkong, October 21, 1893. 1842

HONGKONG TRADING CO.

NEW DRESS FABRICS,
MANTLES, ETC., ETC.
AN EXPERIENCED DRESS-MAKER.
(MODERATE CHARGES).

J. P. COTTAM,
Managing Partner.
1, 3, 5, D'ARLAVILLE STREET,
Hongkong, October 10, 1893. 1783

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

WILL dispatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on the DATES named:—

FOR SHANGHAI, Sailing About 28th Oct. Freight or Passage.

LONDON, &c., Clyde, Noon, 28th Oct. See Special Advertisement.

JAPAN, &c., Ancon, Noon, 27th Oct. Freight or Passage.

LONDON, &c., Java, &c., Abut 28th Oct. Freight or Passage (calling at NARAGHILL, if sufficient inducement offers).

STRAITS AND BOMBAY, &c., Peshawar, About 7th Nov. Freight or Passage, calling at Colombo, if sufficient inducement offers.

For further Particulars, apply to

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, E. A. HEWETT, or Superintendent.
Hongkong, October 16, 1893. 1783

PORTLAND CEMENT.

MANUFACTURED BY THE ONODA CEMENT CO.

AND THE NIPPON CEMENT CO.

THE Undergrill are now prepared to EXECUTE ORDERS AT MODERATE PRICES.

ITSUOBU BUNSAN KAISHA,
Sole Agents.
Hongkong, September 19, 1893. 1599

THE ONODA CEMENT CO.

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Hongkong, September 19, 1893. 1599

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Sole Agents.
Hongkong, September 19, 1893. 1599

Intimations.

THE BALMORAL GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).

IN view of the proposed RECONSTRUCTION of the above Company—OWNERS of SHARES are requested to forward AT ONCE a Memorandum of their Holdings to:—

THE LIQUIDATION COMMITTEE.
BALMORAL GOLD MINING CO. (IN LIQUIDATION),
No. 1, Duffell Street,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, October 20, 1893. 1810

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE.

THE LIQUIDATION at this BRANCH will in future be Conducted by THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

By Order of the Liquidator,
S. W. RUTTER,
Attorney for the Liquidator.
Hongkong, October 7, 1893. 1745

PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Special attention to Ladies' comfort. Accommodation for Table Boarders. Central situation.

Mrs. MATHER,
2 and 3 Pender's Hill.
Hongkong, July 24, 1893. 1287

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with Article No. 18 of the Articles of Association of THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED, the Directors have passed a Resolution making a CALL of ONE POUND per SHARE on the Ordinary Shares of the Bank, such Call to become PAYABLE as follows:—

Five Shillings on the 1st November, 1893.
Five Shillings on the 1st February, 1894.
Five Shillings on the 2nd April, 1894.
Five Shillings on the 1st June, 1894.

The several instalments of the above Call due on Shares on the Hongkong Register are payable at the Office of the Bank, No. 4, Queen's Road, Victoria, Hongkong, in local currency equivalent.

INTEREST at the rate of 5% per annum will be allowed on all instalments paid in advance of due date.

If the sums payable in respect of any of the above instalments are not paid on or before the respective dates appointed for Payment thereof respectively, INTEREST will be charged on the same at the rate of 10% per annum from the day appointed for Payment thereof to the time of Actual Payment, in accordance with Article No. 31 of the Articles of Association of the Bank.

S. L. DARBY,
Acting Manager.
Hongkong, September 26, 1893. 1666

To Let.

TO LET.
NO. 3, WEST TERRACE.
Apply to
G. C. ANDERSON,
13, PRINCE CENTRAL.
Hongkong, May 31, 1893. 970

TO LET.

TO LET.
D'WELLING HOUSES—THE PAKE-FURNISHED.
'BANGOUR,' THE PAKE-FURNISHED.
'THE WILDERNESS,' CAIN ROAD.
'NORMAN COTTAGE,' ROBINSON ROAD.
Nos. 2 and 3, CHANCERY LANE.
No. 2, WYNDHAM STREET.
FLOORS IN BLUE BUILDINGS.
FLOORS IN ELOIS STREET, PEEL STREET and STANTON STREET.
FLOORS IN NO. 6, SKELLEY STREET.
Nos. 11 and 12, CORNER ROYAL, MAGAZINE GAP—FURNISHED.

OFFICES—FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS No. 4, Queen's Road Central, over the BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN & STRAITS, LTD.
PRINCE CENTRAL, OVER MOORE.
DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co.'s.

GODOWNS—BLUE BUILDINGS.

Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, September 30, 1893. 1338

TO LET.

TO LET.
NO. 2, 7, 11 and 12, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
THIRD FLOOR IN NO. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD.
ROOMS IN COLLEGE BUILDINGS.
OFFICES IN VICTORIA BUILDINGS.

Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, September 10, 1893. 995

TO LET.

TO LET.
NO. 2, PENDER'S STREET, next to the CHAMBERS—suitable for OFFICES or CHAMBERS.
Apply to
G. C. ANDERSON,
13, PRINCE CENTRAL.
Hongkong, March 1, 1893. 300

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
SAM-TSE-KING.
TS'IN-TSE-MAN,
LITERALLY TRANSLATED AND EXPLAINED BY
DR. E. J. EITEL.
PRICE: 15 CENTS PER COPY.
CHINA MAIL OFFICE,
Hongkong, May

A full report of to-day's meeting of the Jockey Club is held over till Monday.

There will be a celebration of Holy Communion at the Peak Church to-morrow at 8 a.m.

The German steamer *Bayern*, with the German mail from Berlin to the 25th Sept., left Singapore yesterday (Friday), at 3 p.m., and may be expected here on or about Wednesday, the 25th inst.

For stealing two ounces of sugar, valued at two cents, from the Takoo Sugar Refinery at Quarry Bay, a coolie was sentenced by Mr. Wodehouse this morning to seven days' imprisonment.

It seems that the trade between Spain and the Philippines is increasing, as the *Comercio* says that a letter from Barcelona, dated Sept. 16, says:—The steamer *Ida de Pared* has left behind passengers and cargo for want of capacity.

The despatch steamer *Don Juan*, which was burnt at sea during a voyage from Amoy to Manila some time ago and was subsequently towed into Manila, is advertised for sale by auction on the 20th instant, at Manila.

This morning at the Magistracy, before Mr. H. E. Wodehouse, Chai Ko, gardener, was charged with stealing another gardener at the Coffee Plantation on 27th June last. The wounded man was stabbed in the abdomen, and lay in the Hospital in a critical condition for several weeks. The prisoner was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Four men were charged before Mr. Wodehouse at the Magistracy with failing to exhibit lights on board their boats in the Harbour at an early hour this morning. This is a practice which ought to be stopped, and all who have to make use of their launches in the Harbour at night time will welcome this attempt of the police to render safer the navigation of the Harbour. The accused were fined \$5 each, with the option of fourteen days in prison.

A servant boy named Chow Man was found wandering about Gilman's Bazaar at 4.15 this morning. He was carrying a bamboo with an iron hook attached to it; when discovered by the watchman he dropped the bamboo and endeavored to escape. He was arrested, and taken before Mr. H. E. Wodehouse at the Magistracy. His Worship passed sentence of fourteen days' imprisonment. For loitering in Queen's Road Central last night, between 9 and 10 o'clock, a coolie was sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment; and a barger from Yamat was sent to prison for six months.

Just as they have been taking to cricket and cycling the Chinese youth have been trying their hand at the cunning game of golf. Their efforts to perfect themselves in the game are not looked upon with favour by the regular golf-players; at least, they may look upon the spread of the game with a certain degree of satisfaction, but they strongly object to the Chinese golfers making use of the golf course at the Happy Valley. Mr. John Maxwell, the caretaker of the Public Recreation Ground at the Wengneithong Valley, to-day charged a young man with cutting up the greens with a golf stick, or rather, the exact charge was with trespassing on the greens without having a permit from the Director of Public Works. The law took a severe view of the 'trespass', and fined the accused \$2, with the alternative of fourteen days' imprisonment. If all those who cut up the greens with golf-sticks are to be 'run in', the Magistrate ought to have a busy time of it during the winter months. We know some very prominent citizens who not infrequently send the 'divots' flying, only they may have permits from the Director of Public Works.

David Garrick, the great actor, although he had no children of his own, was passionately fond of the little ones. He was never so happy as when he was romping in the garden with young folks giving him rides on his back, or pretending to be a lion. And never before were there such ferocious lions and bears, never were there such wonderful proud peacocks, as those he transformed from the garden to the stage. Garrick was a great lover of children, and he was not likely to have to provide for again, namely one of \$24,432.92 for payment on account of the Grand Strand, and the other for \$3,285.05 account sundries, as against \$386.82 last year. This increase in this latter account is caused by the heavy legal expenses of \$2,743, which it is not probable that we shall incur a second time. (Laughter and Applause.) The Clerk of the Court read the notice calling the meeting.

The Chairman said—Gentlemen, you have heard the report of the Clerk of the Court, and you have seen the accounts of the Club, and you have seen the balance sheet. I will take them as read. We began this year with a credit balance of \$1,732.19, after withdrawal of our fixed deposit of \$8,000 from the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. You will remember, gentlemen, that on the debit side there are two very considerable items, which are not likely to have to provide for again, namely one of \$24,432.92 for payment on account of the Grand Strand, and the other for \$3,285.05 account sundries, as against \$386.82 last year. This increase in this latter account is caused by the heavy legal expenses of \$2,743, which it is not probable that we shall incur a second time. (Laughter and Applause.) The Clerk of the Court read the notice calling the meeting.

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ANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

This afternoon, the twelfth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders in this Company was held in the office of the General Agents (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.), the chair was occupied by Hon. J. J. Kewick, and there were present—Hon. C. P. Chater, Messrs. H. L. Dalrymple, D. R. Sassoon, D. Gillies (Consulting Engineer), G. T. Veitch (Secretary), R. F. Alford, W. A. Grubb, W. L. Muir, B. Byrnes, W. C. Murray, J. H. Cox, N. J. Ede, R. M. Mohie, A. G. Wood, Fullerton Henderson, R. C. Wilson, C. H. Thomson, J. B. Oughtie, A. G. Tung, Fook Hing, Ho Pak Huen, Ling Chuk Yee, Ho Kon Tong, Ho Fook, Ng Tuk Heng, Wong Hoi Chow, Fung Kae, and Lo Wan Shek.

The Secretary read the notice calling the meeting.

The Chairman said—My predecessor at the last annual meeting had occasion to express the deep regret of the Consulting Committee and the General Agents at the death of an old and valued colleague. His death was a great loss to the Company, and it is a pleasure to me to say on behalf of all here, our extreme regret at the loss sustained by the office through the death of Messrs. Davies and Lysaght, both of our Consulting Engineers, and members of our Corporation.

The report and accounts have been in your hands for some time, and with your permission we will take them as read. The report I trust has given you a satisfactory view of the position of the Company, and as much as possible, we have had and I trust may continue to have years of great prosperity and feel satisfied the majority of our shareholders are quite in accord with the policy we have been steadily pursuing. You are all aware of the crisis which occurred in the Australian Colonies last spring. We had a considerable sum of money on deposit on current account in one of the Banks which was unfortunately compelled to suspend payment for a while. The money has been released, and I am glad to say the setting in of a new era of prosperity for those great Colonies from which this office has received liberal support for many years.

Our business is progressing satisfactorily, and our losses are rather heavier to date than they were at a similar period last year. On the other hand our premium income shows a good increase, and I trust we must next year it may be with pleasing results. I am glad to say that all events are generally satisfactory report (applause).

Before concluding I should not omit to express the high appreciation of the valuable services to the office of all its agents and underwriters. I shall have much pleasure in paying to them to the best of my ability. No questions were asked, and the Chairman proposed that the report and accounts submitted be adopted and passed.

Mr. A. G. Wood seconded. He said—I must also congratulate the General Agents and the Consulting Committee on the very satisfactory accounts they have been able to put before us.

Agreed.

Mr. J. H. Cox proposed the resolution to be submitted to the Committee of Messrs. Dalrymple, Sassoon, Gillies, Chater and Bird.

Agreed.

Mr. G. C. Anderson seconded.

Agreed.

Mr. G. C. Anderson proposed that Messrs. F. Henderson and A. O'Connell be re-elected auditors.

Agreed.

Mr. G. C. Anderson proposed that the Chairman be authorized to call upon you for your attendance. Dividend warrants will be issued on Monday (applause).

Agreed.

The Chairman said—That concludes the meeting. I am much obliged to you for your attendance. Dividend warrants will be issued on Monday (applause).

Agreed.

Mr. G. C. Anderson proposed that the Chairman be authorized to call upon you for your attendance. Dividend warrants will be issued on Monday (applause).

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most heartily agreed with the last remarks made by the Chairman, and he hoped they would have a most successful season. But looking through the statement of accounts, and comparing it with the statements of the last two years, he found that the expenses of the Club were increasing every year, and he thought it would be advisable that the members should know the reasons for this increase. For instance, he found that the expenditure for the last year was \$1,732.19, and in 1892-93, \$1,732.19, and in 1893-94, \$1,732.19. Now, in two years this was an increase of 40 per cent, and he thought it would be well to look through the accounts to see something of the reasons for this increase. For instance, he found that the expenditure for the last year was \$1,732.19, and in 1892-93, \$1,732.19, and in 1893-94, \$1,732.19. Now, in two years this was an increase of 40 per cent, and he thought it would be well to look through the accounts to see something of the reasons for this increase. 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CONCERNING GOLFERS.

(BY A NON-GOLFER.)

That "lookers on" see most of the game is a proverb which holds many a true. Golf is a game which may be thoroughly understood and appreciated by the looker on, who, although he may never have handled a club himself, may have a keen eye for the fortunes and crises of the game, and for the manner in which the golfer comports himself in these crises. Though he may never have taken "a full shot" himself, his ear is quite as alive to the sound of the stroke that "lays him dead," or to the "topping," "holing and tooting," or "taking the ground," as is that of the most ardent golfer himself. He is quite as agonized as the latter when his partner misses the short putt, or when an ill-directed ball flies to its doom, and when a well-struck ball is sent hurtling and surely flying through the air, he sympathizes in the joy of the golfer. But a walk round the links does not only initiate us into the mysteries of golf; it affords the student in human character a rare insight into the weaknesses and virtues of mankind, and into the nature of the game, and into the case may be, but generally unerring. There is much more to be gained by playing golf than the mere physical exercise and prowess in one of the most engrossing of games; and we think, in spite of the fact that the golfer is a smile when asked why he has never taken to the game, "Yes, it's a very good game, but you see it would hardly do for me to be seen beginning," that many men would be all the better for having taken a course of "beginning." We should also enjoy making up many a match or foursome for some leading politician of the day, who would be disciplined in the varying fortunes of the game for their part in the greater game in which they must take sides, for there are many who take a leading part in governing and controlling men's lives without having learnt to govern even their own tempers! We fancy that even Mr. Gladstone, with his ball down in a "bunker," might think the short putt a more agreeable transgression to the wrath of his partner and the ill-concealed joy of Mr. Balfour, who would look on mockingly, would have to lay aside that impenetrable coat of mail of vanity and self-satisfaction that is one of the most of players. But Mr. Gladstone knows better than to be thus soon! Mr. Morley, too, might have learnt, amid the chaff and banter of the links, to take a little good-natured banter and opposition with less display of temper than he seems able to do at present. The Marquis of Salisbury might also have taken a lesson among the mixed multitude that frequent the links, to cultivate a greater graciousness of manner and not to ignore common sense, called and asked what I was taking. She told me she was herself one just as badly off, and was cured by Mother Seign's Curative Syrup. As she seemed to have much faith in the medicine, I tried it. In three days I was able to walk round the links, and by the end of the week I went down to the sea as well as ever. I can cut and digest my food, and my nervousness has left me.

The study Mr. Foster suffered from was indigestion and dyspepsia and nervous prostration. The original cause was grief and shock at the violent death of her husband, by accident, and the system failed only when the Syrup had given courage to the digestion and then fed and toned the nerves.

Whatever may be your opinion of the Bridgeport ghost, it remains true that most uncanny visions and sounds move nothing more or less than a nerve all upset by indigestion and dyspepsia. Ghosts come from the inside of the person who sees them, and when Mother Seign's Syrup does its work the eyes and ears ascertain only what is natural and wholesome.

TO CURB STIMULANTS—Sulphuric Lotion quickly drives away Eruptions, Pimples, Blisters, Redness, Eczema, Acne, Disfigurements, Ringworms and Scalds, leaving a clear, spotless skin and beautiful complexion. Sulphuric is a necessity for the skin, especially in hot climates. Made in London. Sold everywhere in Shilling Bottles.

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TO THE DEAR—Herbert Clifton's new system of completely curing all forms of Deafness, Head Aches, &c., is being recommended all over the world. Numerous unsolicited testimonials. Clifton, Richard Esq., of 4, Danforth Street, South Lambeth, S.W., writes (after being a sufferer for 18 years): "I have had no expectations ever fulfilled, as I am now able to hear quite well without the least effort, and the terrible noises in head have not appeared again." Pamphlet with full advice post free. E. Oliffon, 61, Upper Kensington Lane, London, S.E.

THE Steamship OLYDIE, Captain J. L. PARKY, R.N.R., carrying Her Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this port for BOMBAY, (connecting at Bombay with S.S. ROMÉ, which Vessel takes on her Cargo for LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL, leaving that port on the 18th NOVEMBER, 1893, on THURSDAY, the 26th October, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

Silk and Valuable, all Cargo for France, and Ten for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into a steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London; other Cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed via Bombay.

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does some, it is taken with the good humour and self-control that always appeals strongly to the looker-on, who goes away from the links strengthened in his conviction that there is more in human nature, after all, than he thought.

WAS IT A GHOST THEY SAW?

Mrs. H. H. Jennings lives at No. 211, Main Street, Bridgeport, and Miss Minnie Parrot lives with her. The house is an old one, but in good order. One night early in December (1891) the two women looked all the doors and went to the theatre, leaving not a soul in the house. They left the gas burning, however, in the front parlor. At about half past eleven they returned, and entered the house laughing and talking. But as they went into the parlor the merry humors died out of them in a second. Right in the middle of the room stood a dark man of gigantic stature. The upper part of his face was concealed by a mask, his eyes gleaming through the eyeholes in it. His shirt-sleeves were rolled up, and in one hand he carried a long, old-fashioned pistol. The women fled screaming from the room, and when Mr. Jennings came in five minutes later he found no one in the parlor and all the doors and windows closed. "What was it the women saw?"

"During a recent period of ill health," writes an American friend, "I had slept badly for several successive nights. On the fourth of these nights about two o'clock, I was suddenly aroused from a doze by what seemed like the calling of my name; and at the foot of the bed stood the image of my mother just as she looked five years before, as she was leaving home to go on a journey, on which journey she was killed in a railway disaster. I screamed and fainted. It was foolish enough to tell of it, and the local women gossip said it was a nuisance and I would never see her again. Yet I did, and am perfectly healthy now. I believe that vision came of my weak nerves, for I've never seen it since, and it's more than three years ago now."

No doubt it was the nerves. Why, there's no end to the tricks the nerves will play off on you when your system is out of condition. In March, 1890, it was that Mrs. Jane Foster, of Darescott Road, Falmouth, Maine, wrote us as follows: "I was so dreadfully nervous I could not have anyone in the room with me, yet I did not wish them far away in case I should call out for help. This was in June, 1889. I slept very badly, and in the morning felt like the better for having come to bed. There was often severe pain in my head and over my eyes, and I was sick most of the time. My skin was dry and yellow, and the stomach and bowels felt cold and empty. I had to be helped to get up in bed. The doctor said he didn't know what my complaint was, and could not treat even on my stomach. By this time I was nothing but skin and bone. My memory completely failed. My head ached so dreadfully I thought I should lose my senses, and my friends agreed that I would never get better."

I had given up all hope, when one day Mrs. West, of Bournemouth, called and asked what I was taking. She told me she was herself one just as badly off, and was cured by Mother Seign's Curative Syrup. As she seemed to have much faith in the medicine, I tried it. In three days I was able to walk round the links, and by the end of the week I went down to the sea as well as ever. I can cut and digest my food, and my nervousness has left me.

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Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY.

THIS Review, which was intended to meet the wants of many students of Chinese history and literature, has been continued by the want of the discontinuance of "Notes and Queries on China and Japan," has reached its Twenty-first Volume. The Review discusses those topics which are uppermost in the minds of students of the "Far East" and about which every intelligent person connected with China or Japan is desirous of acquiring trustworthy information. It includes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Customs and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new department has been taken, and the Review now carries papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive Notes of Travel by well-known writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more generally useful.

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavours are made to present a careful and accurate picture of the literature on China, etc., and to give criticism embodying sketches of the most recent works on such topics. Authors and Publishers are requested to forward works for consideration to the Editor, China Review, care of China Mail Office, Hongkong.

The Notes and Queries are still continued and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students knowledge on obscure points.

The Correspondents' column also affords further and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various topics.

Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, or any of the Modern Languages are received. The papers are contributed by the members of the various Consular, the Imperial Customs, and Hongkong Services, and also by the Missionary bodies among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is exceptionally cultivated. Amongst the regular contributors are Drs. Chalmers, Elliot, Bretschneider, and Hirth, Professor Legge, and Messrs. Balfour, Walters, Scott, Phillips, MacIntyre, Groot, Jamieson, Fisher, Knap, Parker, Playfair, Giles, and others, and Taylor, well-known names, indicative of sound scholarship and thorough mastery of their subjects.

The Subscription is fixed at \$5.00 per annum, postage included—payable in advance.

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OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and interesting Review."—Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.).

"The China Review" is a most excellent collection of contents. "Cathart Empire." The publication always contains subjects of interest to sojourners in the Far East and the present number will hold favourably in the estimation of the high standard of excellence which characterizes that publication, and altogether forms a very interesting and readable number. Meteorologist will find an interesting and valuable contribution by Dr. Kricheldorf, on "The Amount of Precipitation (Rain and Snow) of Peking," showing the results of observations made at the Imperial Russian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to 1880. Notes on the Dutch Occupation of Formosa," by Mr. de Groot, Phillips, and others, is a most interesting and valuable contribution, although much of it is second-hand. The Notices of New Books include a most general and appreciative review of "The Divine Classic of Non-Hua," and the Notes and Queries are as usual very interesting. —North China Daily News.

A substantial and reliable Review which all students of China and the Chinese would do well to patronize. —Chrysanthemum.

Member-December number of the China Review contains less variety than usual, but the few articles are very interesting. The opening paper by Mr. Herbert A. Giles on "The New Testament in Chinese" treats of a question that must necessarily be of great importance in the eyes of all missionaries. Mr. E. H. Parker's "Short Journeys in Szechuen" are continued, and a goodly instalment of these travels in the interior of China is given. Mr. F. H. Balfour contributes a paper on some long-continued "The Emperor Cheng, founder of the Chinese Empire," which will be read with genuine interest by students of Chinese history. A few short notices of New Books and a number of Notes and Queries, one of which "On Chinese Oaths in Western Borneo" and "Jara" might appropriately have been placed under a separate heading, complete the number. —H. K. Daily Press.

Trimmer's Original Record contains the following notices of the China Review:—The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, some what similar to that which has been filled in India by the Calcutta Review. The great degree of ability shown by the contributors, and the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as it is not possible to find elsewhere, and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now so generally cultivated, and who are so generally represented in the list number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors.

Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese post-statestman of the eleventh century, Si Tung-po, by Mr. E. C. Bover, is also distinguished by literary grace. Besides a collection of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be regretted that this volume for the month of October contains no such valuable contributions as Chinese subjects, but to speak the truth, the Review of the month of October is a disappointment, and that the China Review may receive the support necessary to ensure its continuance.

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The postage on parcels sent by P. & O. Mail, which includes Registration fee, and must be prepaid in stamps. No further charge is made in the United Kingdom except for Customs dues. No parcel must be more than 6 feet 6 inches in length, or 6 feet in greatest length and girth combined. A receipt is given for each Parcel.

The sender must fill up a form of Customs Declaration, which can be obtained free at each Post Office. No parcel can be accepted till this form is completed and accurately filled. The only articles ordinarily sent from China which are liable to duty are Tea, Tobacco.

Dangerous or perishable goods, articles likely to injure the Mail, Liquids (unless securely packed) or parcels easily crushed, such as hand-boxes, are prohibited. No Parcel can be received if its value exceeds \$250.

A Parcel may contain a letter to the same address as that of the Parcel itself, or another Parcel to the same address. No other enclosures are allowed.

With regard to inward Parcels, addressees are requested to observe that the Parcel Mail is not opened until the ordinary delivery of letters, &c., is finished. The postage on Parcels at home is 10d. per lb. The Regulations are generally similar to the above, and the Parcels are sent out via Gibraltar.

Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Article.

The Post Office is not legally responsible for the loss of any Registered correspondence, but it is prepared to make good the contents of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain cases, provided:—
1. That the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration required.
2. That the letter was actually enclosed in a reasonably strong envelope.

3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong immediately the loss was discovered, and within a year at the most from the date of Posting.

4. That the Postmaster General is satisfied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British Postal administration in China, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, or by the dishonesty or negligence of any person not in the employment of the Hongkong Post Office.

5. No compensation can be paid for more damage to fragile articles such as portraits, sketches, hand-drawn bound books, &c., which reach their destination, although in a broken or deteriorated condition. Nor on account of alleged losses of the Contents of Registered covers which have reached their destinations. Nor on account of any article for which the addressee has signed a receipt.

Misdirected or Delayed Correspondence.

When correspondence has been misdirected or delayed (both of which are liable to happen occasionally) all that the addressee need do is to note on the cover, "Sent to me, or Received at 7 p.m., or as the case may be, on the same date, without any other writing whatever, to the Postmaster General. This should be noted on the first time cause of complaint occurs; it is a mistake to let such matters pass for fear of

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